

CENTRUM WEALTH LIMITED CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY

Version No.	1
Authorized by	Board
Approved on	



CENTRUM WEALTH LIMITED CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY

Short Title & applicability

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, has, vide its notification dated February 27, 2014 made the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule VII of the said Act relating to CSR applicable to the Company with effect from 1st April, 2014. The Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014 ("CSR Rules") are notified on 27th February, 2014 and are made effective from 1st April 2014.

The Companies Act, 2013 vide sub-section (1) of section 135 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 makes it mandatory for the Board of Directors of a prescribed class of companies to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee which is entrusted with certain duties in alignment with the objectives of corporate social responsibility.

Corporate Social Responsibility is strongly connected with the principles of sustainability; an organisation should make decision based not only on financial factors, but also considering the social and environment consequence. As a corporate citizen receiving various benefits out of Society, it is our co-extensive responsibility to pay back in return to the Society in terms of helping needy people by providing foods, clothes, etc., keeping the environment clean and safe for the society by adhering to the best industrial practices and adopting best technologies, and so on. It is the Company's intent to make a positive contribution to the society in which the Company operates.

This policy, which encompasses the Company's philosophy for delineating its responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programmes for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large, is titled as the "Centrum Wealth Limited CSR Policy" ("CWL CSR Policy"). It has been prepared keeping in mind the Company's code of business ethics and to comply with the requirements of Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter called as "the Act") and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification dated 27th February, 2014.

This policy shall apply to all CSR initiatives and activities taken up at the various work-centres and locations of the Company, for the benefit of different segments of the society, specifically the deprived, under-privileged and differently abled persons.

Policy Objective

Corporate Social Responsibility is a form of corporate self-regulation integrated into a business model. Therefore, the CWL CSR Policy will function as a built-in, self-regulating mechanism whereby the business will monitor and ensure its active compliance with the spirit of law, ethical standards and international norms. The main objective of this policy is to set guiding principles for carrying out CSR activities by the Company and also to set up process of execution, implementation and monitoring of the CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company.

CSR COMMITTEE

i. Composition:

The Company shall form Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR Committee) under Section 135 of the Act. The CSR Committee, if applicable, shall consist of three or more directors, out of which at least one shall be an Independent Director. In the event the Company is not required to appoint an independent director under Section 149(4) of the Act, the Company shall have in its CSR Committee two or more directors. In case the requirement for constitution of the CSR Committee is not applicable, the functions of the CSR Committee shall be discharged by the Board of Directors of the Company.

ii. Role:

The Committee, referred above, shall

- a) formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the
 activities to be undertaken by the company in areas or subject, specified in Schedule VII;
- b) recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (a); and
- c) monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the company from time to time.



iii. Meetings:

The CSR Committee shall meet as and when deemed necessary.

iv. Sitting Fees:

There shall be no sitting fees paid for attending the meetings of the CSR Committee.

v. Quorum:

Quorum of meeting of CSR Committee shall be as prescribed under the Act and the rules made thereunder, presently being one third of the total strength or two directors, whichever is higher.

vi. The CSR Committee may invite Executives, Advisors, representatives of Social Organizations, Auditors of the Company and such other person (s) as it may consider necessary to attend the CSRMeeting.

DEFINITIONS

Some of the key terms used in the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy are as under:

- 1. 'Act' means the Companies Act, 2013 including any amendments as may be applicable from time to time.
- 2. 'Average Net Profit' means net profit as computed in accordance with Section 198 of the Act.
- 3. **'Board'** means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 4. "Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)" shall have the meaning assigned to it under the CSR Rules.
- 5. 'CSR Activities' means the activities which may be included by the Company in its CSR Policy in accordance with Schedule VII of the Act.
- 6. 'CSR Committee' means the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board referred to in Section 135 of the Act.
- 7. **'CSR Policy'** means a statement containing the approach and direction given by the board of a company, taking into account the recommendations of its CSR Committee, and includes guiding principles for selection, implementation and monitoring of activities as well as formulation of the annual action plan;

Words and expressions used and not defined in the Policy but defined in the Act / Rules shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them in the Act / Rules.

CSR ACTIVITIES

- 1. The CSR activities shall be undertaken by the Company as per this policy by way of projects or programs or activities (either new or ongoing) in India, excluding the activities undertaken in pursuance of the normal course of business. The Company shall give preference to the local area and areas around it where it operates, for spending the amount earmarked for CSR activities.
- 2. The Board may decide to undertake CSR activities approved by the CSR Committee directly, through employees of the Company or through a registered trust or a registered society or a company established by the company or subsidiary or associate company under Section 8 of the Act or
- 3. The Company may also collaborate with other companies for undertaking projects or programs or CSR activities in such a manner that the CSR Committee of respective companies are in a position to report separately on such projects or programs in accordance with the CSR Rules
- 4. CSR expenditure shall include all expenditure including contribution to corpus, or on projects or programs relating to CSR activities, approved by the Board on the recommendation of CSR Committee, but shall not include: a) any expenditure on an item not in conformity or not in line with activities which fall within the purview of Schedule VII of the Act. b) CSR projects or programs or activities that benefit only the employees and their families. c) Contribution of any amount directly or indirectly to any political party under section 182 of the Act.



5. The Company may fulfil the CSR obligation by way of a donation to a fund established / approved by the Government, through Centrum Foundation or such other entity/organization/ Trust, or any other appropriate authority, on the recommendation of the CSR Committee.

6. CSR activities include:

- i) Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting health care including preventive health care and sanitation including contribution to the Swach Bharat Kosh set up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
- ii) Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocational skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- iii) Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans, setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- iv) Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balances, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund set up the Central Government Fund set-up by the Central Government for rejuvenation of river Ganga
- Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of arts, setting up of public libraries, promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts;
- vi) Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents Central Armed Police Forces (CAPF) and Central Para Military Forces (CPMF), veterans and their dependants including widows:
- vii) Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympic sports and Olympic sports;
- viii) contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or Prime Minister's Central Assistance and Relief in Emergency Situations Fund (PM CARES Fund) or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Schedule Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;
- ix) (a) Contribution to incubators or research and development projects in the field of science, technology, engineering and medicine, funded by the Central Government or State Government or Public Sector Undertaking or any agency of the Central Government or State Government; and
 - (b) Contributions to public funded Universities; Indian Institute of Technology (IITs); National Laboratories and autonomous bodies established under Department of Atomic Energy (DAE); Department of Biotechnology (DBT); Department of Science and Technology (DST); Department of Pharmaceuticals; Ministry of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy (AYUSH); Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology and other bodies, namely Defense Research and Development Organisation (DRDO); Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR); Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) and Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), engaged in conducting research in science, technology, engineering and medicine aimed at promoting Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).
- x) Rural development projects.
- xi) Slum Area Development.
 - Explanation: For the purposes of this item, the term `slum area' shall mean any area declared as such by the Central Government or any State Government or any other competent authority under any law for the time being in force.
- xii) Disaster Management including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities.
- xiii) Such other activities as may be notified by the Ministry of Company affairs and included in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 7. The list of CSR projects or programs which the Company plans to undertake will fall within the purview of schedule VII of the Act. The modalities of execution of such project or programs and implementation schedule for the same will be monitored as per Annexure to this CSR Policy.



AMOUNT OF CSR EXPENDITURE

- 1. Every year, the Company shall with the approval of its Board of Directors make a budgetary allocation for CSR activities/ projects for the year. The budgetary allocation will be based on the profitability of the Company and the requirements of applicable laws.
- 2. The Company expects to spend the budgeted amount allocated for CSR activities/ projects planned for each financial year, within that year. If for any reason, the budget of a year remains unutilized and pertains to an ongoing project, the same shall be transferred to Unspent CSR Amount Account and may be carried forward to the next year for expenditure on CSR activities towards the said ongoing project, which were planned for implementation in the previous year, but could not be completed due to some reason. The CSR Committee and the Board of Directors will disclose the reasons for not being able to spend the entire budgeted amount on the CSR activities as planned for that year in the Annual Report of the Company. In the instance, the unutilized amount of CSR budget does not pertain to ongoing project, the same shall be transferred to funds specified in Schedule VII.
- 3. Any surplus arising out of the CSR activities, projects or programs shall not form part of the business profits of the Company.

DISCLOSURE

The Company shall disclose the contents of the CSR Policy in its Board's report in the format given in the CSR Rules and the same shall be displayed on the Company's website.

AMENDMENT TO CSR POLICY

- 1. The CSR Policy is constituted under the provision of the said Act and CSR Rules. In the event of any difference between the contents of this CSR Policy and the Act and CSR Rules, the provision of the Act and CSR Rules will be made applicable to the matter.
- 2. The CSR Committee may from time to time recommend to the Board amendments to this policy as it may deem fit.
- 3. Any amendment to this CSR Policy will be in writing except as stated in 1 above.



ANNEXURE

Monitoring and Reporting Framework

The Company's Board/CSR Committee shall monitor the implementation of the CSR Policy through periodic reviews of the activities of supported Foundation and/or Educational and other Institutions. The respective heads of the supported institution will present their list of programmes, projects and activities for which support is sought from the Company, to the Board/CSR Committee for its approval.

The Board/CSR Committee will satisfy itself about the programmes, project and activities, their promoters, efficacy, implementation team, time frame, cost etc., as well as whether it falls within the areas mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013 and based on the deliberation, the Board/Committee will in turn recommend suitable projects/activities to the Board for its final approval.

The Company may make contribution to the identified projects directly or through Foundation and /or - Trust as per the Board/Committee decision.

The Company may collaborate with other Companies within the Group for undertaking the CSR Activities subject to fulfilment of separate reporting requirement. Further Company may, if approved by the Board /CSR Committee, implement the CSR activities through implementing partners/executing agencies which may include NGOs having an established track record of atleast 3 years in carrying out the specific activities.

Centrum Group may also facilitate the involvement of its employees in CSR Projects and events, giving them an opportunity to engage in socially meaningful activities, this enabling them to realise their full potential and role as social responsible citizen.

Company having any ongoing CSR Projects -

Any unspent amount by the company, despite of having any ongoing CSR project, shall be transferred to any scheduled bank under a special account in the name of <u>"Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account"</u> within a period of 30 days from the end of financial year.

- > Such transferred amount essentially needs to be spent by the company for the due compliance of CSR policies within a period of next 3 financial years from the date of such transfer.
- > Even after 3 years, if the company fails to disburse such balance amount, then, that shall be transferred to any of the funds specified in Schedule VII of the Act within a period of 30 days from the date of completion of 3rd financial year.

Company not having any ongoing CSR projects -

If the company is not currently engaged in any of the ongoing CSR projects, then the aimed unspent sum of CSR money shall be spent towards any of the funds specified in Schedule VII of the Act within a period of 6 months from the expiry of financial year.

The surplus arising out of the CSR activities, projects or programs shall not form part of the business profit of the Company. However, if the company spends an amount in excess of the requirements provided in Section 135 of the Act, it may set off such excess amount in future years as may be permitted under the Act.

In compliance with the Act and to ensure funds spent on CSR Programmes are creating the desired impact on the ground a comprehensive Monitoring and Reporting framework will be put in place.

The monitoring and reporting mechanism is divided into distinct areas like:

- I. Programme Monitoring
- II. Evaluation
- III. Reporting and Documentation



Programme Reporting

- Programme monitoring mechanism will ensure:
 - The CSR policy is implemented as per the Act and the Rules
 - The CSR policy is implemented ensuring that all projects/programmes as budgeted are duly carried out.
- CSR spends will be closely monitored and funds shall be released against verified utilizations as per the approved work plans. This may include monthly field visits, comprehensive documentation and regular interaction with beneficiary institutions/communities.
- CSR spends will be audited in an accountable and transparent manner.

Evaluation

- A robust MIS monitoring mechanism and evaluation plan will be put in place.
- Expected outcomes, outputs and inputs will be clearly defined for each programme as per stated
- timelines.
- There shall be clarity about the scope of the programme and the need before evaluations are undertaken.
- Third parties may be engaged to ensure objective assessment across baseline and end line parameters.
- The CSR Committee will decide whether it will be internal, external or third party evaluation.

Documentation and Reporting

The Board/CSR Committee will prepare the annual CSR report to be filed by the Company. This report will ensure:

- CSR projects and programmes are being properly documented.
- An MIS is maintained on expenditure across sectors, geographies and beneficiaries impacted. The MIS structure will be in alignment with the prescribed reporting format.
- Accountability is fixed at each level of CSR process and implementation.
- A repository of case studies and good practices will be maintained for planning and future reference.